Insoluble Housing







Inadequate Education

Inadequate Health Care



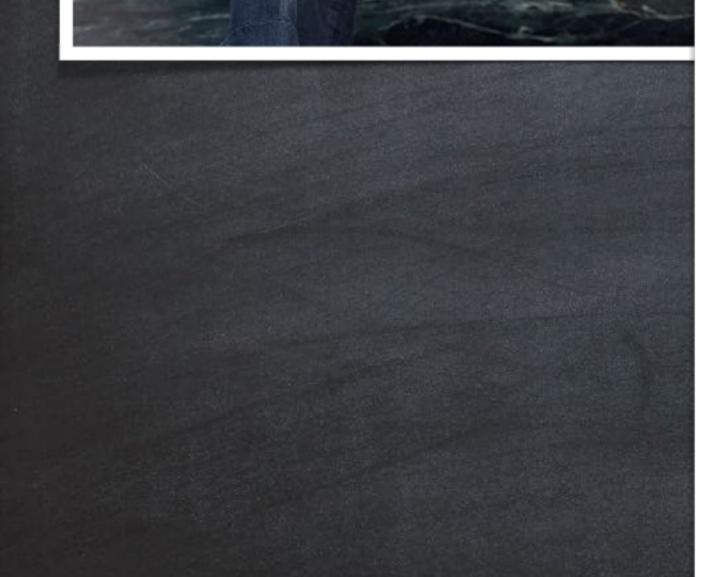
Unemployment

LOOKING FOR A

Development

Sustainable

Unit





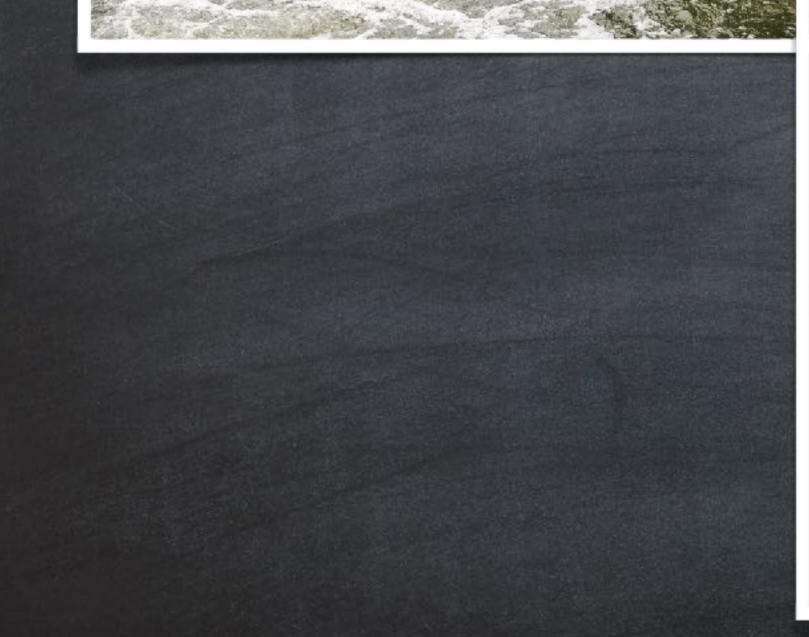
Inadequate Infrastructure

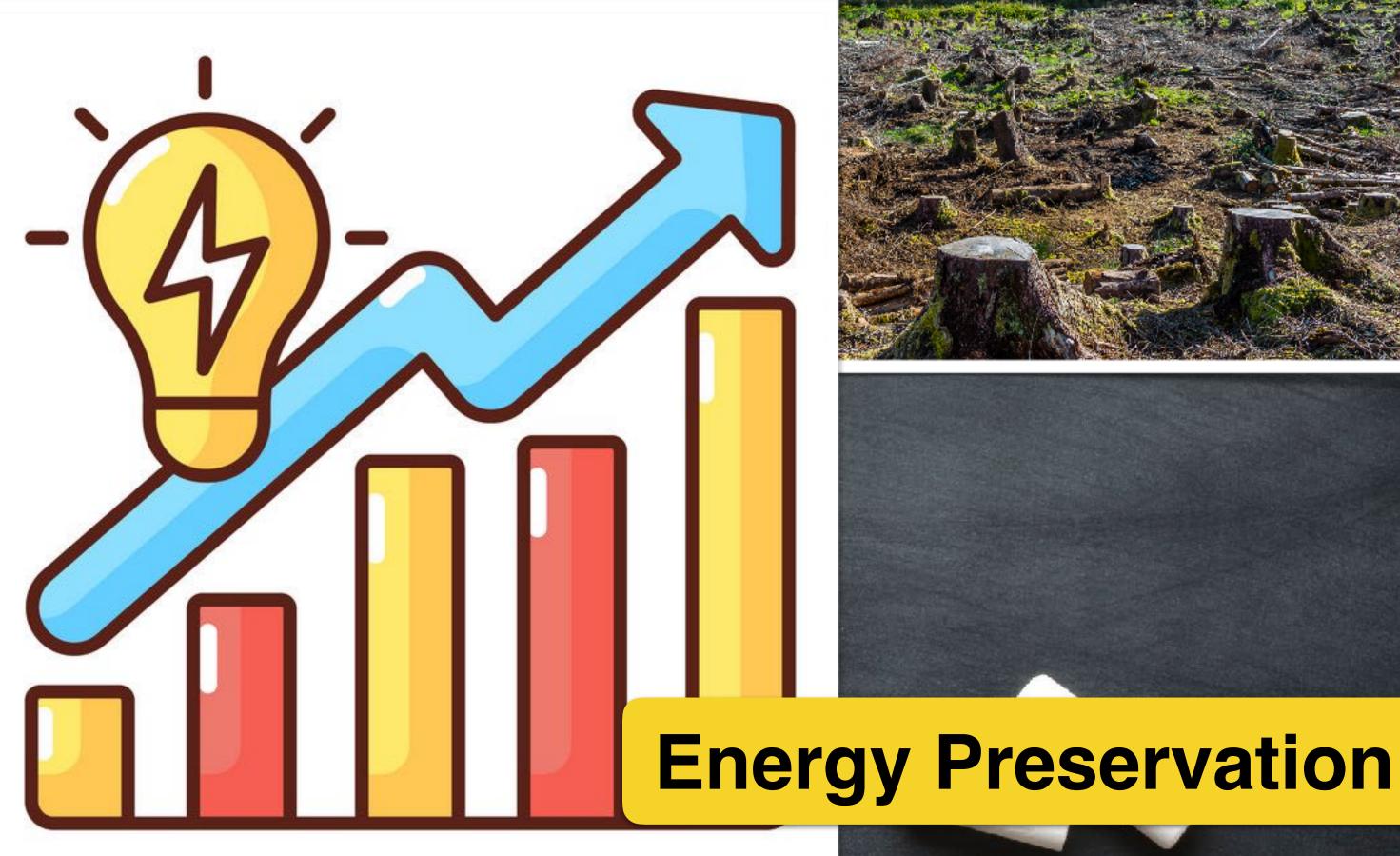
Industrial Issues





Pollution





Deforestation







Society

Environment

Sustainable development can be defined as development that meets the <u>needs of the present</u> without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs.









VOCABULARY: Sustainable Development Collocations

SOCIAL MATTERS

Health care

Poverty

Ecological crisis

Social justice

Equal pay for women **Energy preservation**

Water pollution

Climate change

ECONOMIC MATTERS

ENVIRONMENTAL MATTERS

Forest preservation

Raw materials

Transport infrastructure

Micro enterprises

Money investment

Recycling wastes

Property rights



VOCABULARY: Sustainable Development Collocations

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Raw materials

Energy preservation

Transport infrastructure

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Recycling wastes











VOCABULARY: Sustainable Development Collocations

Non-governmental organizations (NGOs)

Sustainable development



More collocations

Civil society

Renewable energies

Urban areas





VOCABULARY: Verb to Noun Transformation

Verbs

Pollute Deforest Starve Invest Develop Grow

Nouns

Pollution



VOCABULARY: Verb to Noun Transformation

Verbs

Pollute Deforest Starve Invest Develop Grow

Nouns

Pollution Deforestation Starvation Investment Development Growth



VOCABULARY: Adjective to Noun Transformation

Adjectives

Sustainable Loyal Corrupt Wise Industrial Environmental Respectful Homeless

Nouns

Sustainability



VOCABULARY: Adjective to Noun Transformation

Adjectives

Sustainable Loyal Corrupt Wise Industrial **Environmental** Respectful Homeless

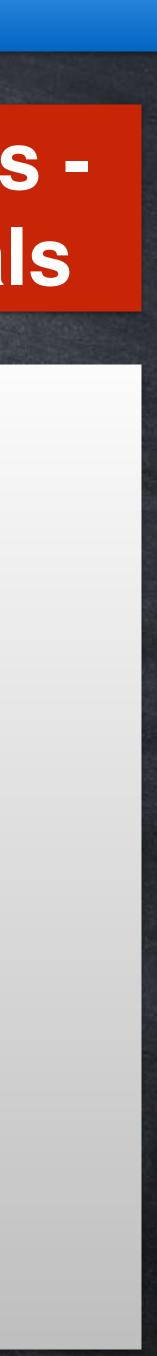
Nouns

Sustainability Loyalty Corruption Wisdom Industry **Environment** Respectfulness Homelessness



Complete the following collocations with: care - resources - change - effect - pollution - disposal - revolution - materials

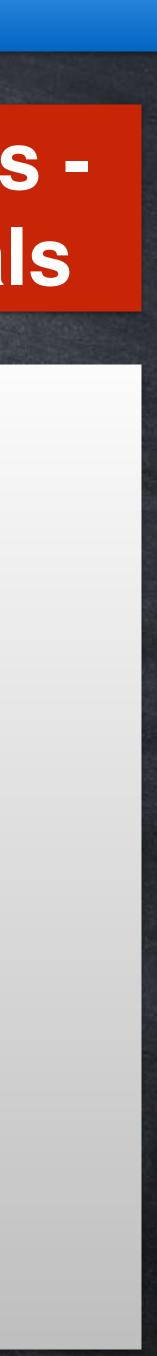
- 1. Climate <u>change</u>
- 2. Raw
- 3. Air, sea, water
- 4. Greenhouse
- 5. Waste
- 6. Industrial
- 7. Health
- 8. Natural



Complete the following collocations with: care - resources change - effect - pollution - disposal - revolution - materials

- 1. Climate <u>change</u>
- 2. Raw <u>materials</u>
- 3. Air, sea, water *pollution*
- 4. Greenhouse <u>effect</u>
- 5. Waste <u>disposal</u>
- 6. Industrial *revolution*
- 7. Health <u>care</u>
- 8. Natural resources





- 1.Man's greed is threatening the <u>environment</u>.
- 2.The extensive abuse of natural
 - the very existence of future
- 3.One of the challenges that the world is facing is the issue of
 - which is the result of cutting down trees
 - without even thinking of replacing them.
- 4.The term
 - relationship between
 - environment.

Complete with: ecology - organisms - environment resources - deforestation - generations

threatens

refers to the study of the and their natural



1.Man's greed is threatening the <u>environment</u>. 2. The extensive abuse of natural <u>resources</u> threatens the very existence of future <u>generations</u>. 3. One of the challenges that the world is facing is the issue of <u>deforestation</u> which is the result of cutting down trees without even thinking of replacing them. 4.The term <u>ecology</u> refers to the study of the relationship between <u>organisms</u> and their natural environment.

VOCABULARY: Sustainable Development

Complete with: ecology - organisms - environment resources - deforestation - generations



Correct the words between brackets.

1. (Deforest) **Deforestation** is a serious issue that environmentalists should deal with. 2. An NGO will receive a dozen of (homelessness) children. **3. (Pollute)**

days.

- is an (environment) problem that threatens humanity these
- 4. The government should encourage foreign (invest) and international (collaborate)



Correct the words between brackets.

- should deal with.
- 2. An NGO will receive a dozen of <u>homeless</u> children.

humanity these days.

and international <u>collaboration</u>.

1. **Deforestation** is a serious issue that environmentalists

3. **Pollution** is an **environmental** problem that threatens

4. The government should encourage foreign investment





Development: The process of growing or developing. Synonymous words include: evolution, progress, advance. These nouns mean a progression from a simpler or lower to a more advanced, mature, or complex form or stage: "the development of an idea into reality;" "the evolution of a plant from a seed;" "attempts made to foster social progress."

Sustainable: (of economic development or energy sources) capable of being maintained at a steady level without exhausting natural resources or causing ecological damage



generations to meet their own needs."

the environment".

Sustainable development: A pattern of resource use that aims to meet human needs while preserving the environment so that these needs can be met not only in the present, but in the indefinite future. It's a development that "meets the needs of the present without compromising the ability of future

Environment: The surroundings in which a person, animal, or plant lives.the natural world of land, sea, air, plants, and animals. "Nuclear waste must be prevented from leaking into



Ecology: The scientific study of the distribution and abundance of life and the interactions between organisms and their natural environment. **Resource:** Any physical or virtual entity of limited availability, or anything used to help one earn a living. As resources are very useful, we attach some information value to them. Resources help to produce goods so they have economic value. Natural resources like forests, mountains etc. are very beautiful so they have aesthetic value. Gifts of nature such as water also have a legal value because it is our right to enjoy them. On the other hand, resources have an ethical value as well because it is our moral duty to protect and conserve them for the future generations.



Natural resources: are derived from the environment. Many of them are essential for our survival while others are used for satisfying our wants. **Resource development:** Many resources cannot be consumed in their original form. They have to be processed in order to change them into more usable commodities. This is known as resource development. With the rise in human numbers all over the world, the demand for resources has also increased. However, there is a difference in distribution of resources to different regions or countries. Developed countries use more resources than developing countries.



influenced by climatic variations. It's also a failure of the ecological succession process. **Deforestation:** the conversion of (forest)ed areas to non-

- **Desertification:** is the degradation of land in arid and dry subhumid areas, resulting primarily from human activities and
- forested land, for uses such as: pasture, urban use, logging
- purposes, and can result in arid land and wastelands. In many
- countries, deforestation is ongoing and is shaping climate and
- geography. Deforestation results from removal of trees without
- sufficient reforestation, and results in declines in habitat and
- biodiversity, wood for fuel and industrial use, and quality of life.

